SOLAR FLARES $H\alpha$

APRIL

2006

Sta Day	Start (UT)		End (UT)	Lat	CMD	NOAA/ USAF Region		MP Day	Dur (Min)		p Xray		0bs Type	Time	rea Measurem Apparent (10-6 Disk)	Corr	Remarks
HOLL 06	2038	2041	2057	s05	W62	10865	04	2.2	19	1N		3	E		155		FE
LEAR 11 HOLL	0437 1816E		0441 1846	s07 s08	E17 E40				4 30D	SF 1N		3 3	E E		41 123		FH FH
LEAR 24 LEAR	0901 0906	0903 0908	0905 0921		E68 E68				4 15	SF SF		3 3	E E		36 34		UF UF
LEAR 26 HOLL HOLL	1349 1436	0604 1353 1454	0607 1417 1524	s07	E38 E39	10875	04 04	29.4 29.5	28 48	SF SF SF 1F		3 3 3	E E E		17 54 92 140		FH FE FE FE
HOLL 27	1702 1547	1702 1550	1733 1653		E38					1 P		3	E		233		ZF
LEAR 28	0822	0822	0839	s07	E16	10875	04	29.5	17	SF		3	Ε		11		UF
HOLL 29	1834	1834	1839	\$05	W05	10875	04	29.4	5	SF		3	E		11		F
LEAR 30 LEAR	0203E 0917	0203U 0926	0209 0939	N15 S10	E71 E09	10876	05 05		6D 22	SF SF		3 3	E		37 42		FH UF

"Remarks"

- A = Eruptive prominence whose base is less than 90 degrees from central meridian.
- B = Probably the end of a more important flare.
- C = Invisible 10 minutes before.
- D = Brilliant point.
- E = Two or more brilliant points.
- F = Several eruptive centers.
 G = No visible spots in the neighborhood.
- H = Flare accompanied by high-speed dark filament.
- I = Active region very extended.
- J = Distinct variations of plage intensity before or after the flare.
- K = Several intensity maxima.
- L = Existing filaments show signs of sudden activity.
- M = White-light flare.
- N = Continuous spectrum shows effects of polarization.

- O = Observations have been made in the H and K lines of Ca II.
- P = Flare shows Helium D3 in emission.
- Q = Flare shows Balmer continuum in emission.
- R = Marked asymmetry in H-alpha line suggests ejection of high-velocity material.
- S = Brightness follows disappearance of filament in same position.
- T = Region active all day.
- U = Two bright branches, parallel or converging.
- V = Occurrence of an explosive phase; important, expansion within roughly 1 minute that often includes a significant intensity increase.
- W = Great increase in area after time of maximum intensity.
- X = Unusually wide H-alpha line.
 Y = System of loop-type prominences.
- Z = Major sunspot umbra covered by flare.

Observation Type: C=Cinematographic, E=Electronic, P=Photographic, V=Visual

NOTE: Beginning with the February 2005 data, only H-alpha flares are included in this table. Because the number of H-alpha patrols are dwindling and emphasis is now on the X-ray flare reports, a separate table of solar X-ray flares is now produced.